# Excess Soil Management under O. Reg. 406/19

## Challenges and Opportunities for Municipalities

**MEA Conference 2024** 

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#### **Excess Soil Management and Municipalities**



- What is Excess Soil?
- > How much do we generate and why?
- Excess Soil Regulation Overview
- > Are we achieving the intended benefits?
- Challenges and Opportunities for Municipalities
- Cost Implications on Infrastructure Projects
- > The Future Dream State



#### What is Excess Soil?



Excess Soil: soil, crushed rock, or soil mixed with rock or crushed rock that has been excavated as part of a Project and removed from the Project Area.





#### **How Much Excess Soil do we Generate?**

**PARKS PUBLIC WORKS FORESTRY OPERATIONS SIGNALS** AND **STREETLIGHTING MAINTENANCE** 300,000 cu.m. **SEWER AND** WATERMAIN **ANNUALLY OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE** 

+7 million cu.m. Stage 2 LRT

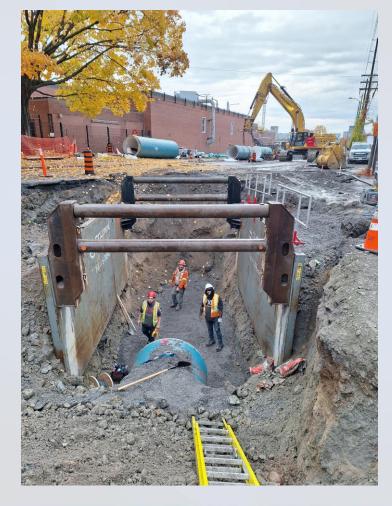
CAPITAL
DESIGN AND
CONSTRUCTION

"An estimated 25 million cubic metres of excess soil is generated in Ontario every year" (source MECP)





#### Municipal Activities that Generates Excess Soil











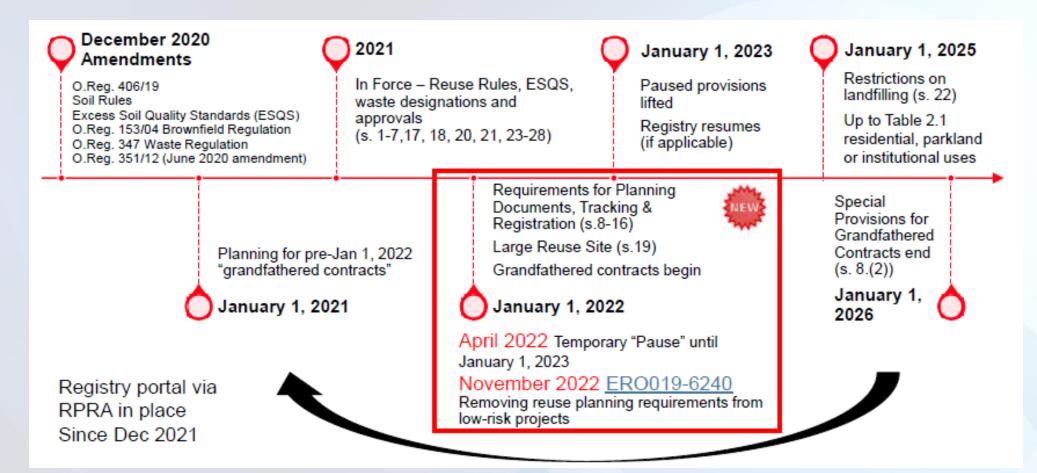


## **Drivers for a new Ontario Regulation**





#### **Ontario Regulation 406/19**





#### Key Elements of O. Reg. 406/19

Common Requirements for ALL projects (effective Jan 1, 2021):

New Excess Soil Quality Standards

Reuse Site Requirements

Storage Rules and Restrictions

Transportation and Documentation Requirements

Additional Elements for "higher-risk" projects (effective Jan 1, 2023)

Planning Studies

Notice Filing and Updates on RPRA Provincial Registry

Soil Tracking System



#### Who is Responsible for Regulatory Compliance?

**Project Leader:** the person or persons who are ultimately responsible for making decisions relating to the planning and implementation of the project.



## CRADLE TO GRAVE



## **Exemptions from Planning Requirements**

#### **Special conditions**

Volume-based

**Infrastructure Exemptions** Time-based\*

**Emergency work** (e.g., spills, watermain breaks, sinkholes)

<2,000 cu.m in settlement area and not part of an "Enhanced

Project entered into soil management contract before

Soil excavated to cture air

Project Area is of

Residential, Parkland

Agrid and n reme

Topso conditio

reuse requirements)

Exemptions do not eliminate the need to confirm soil quality is appropriate for selected receiving sites. 3rd Party sites may insist on full testing/reporting requirements. - project

If you are doing field investigations, test for soil quality.

uisposal facility (landfill, Class 1 SMS) Exemptions expire Jan 1, 2026

reused at another infrastructure project of the same owner or a public body



ot well

#### **Intended Benefits of the Regulation**

#### **MECP Stated Benefits:**





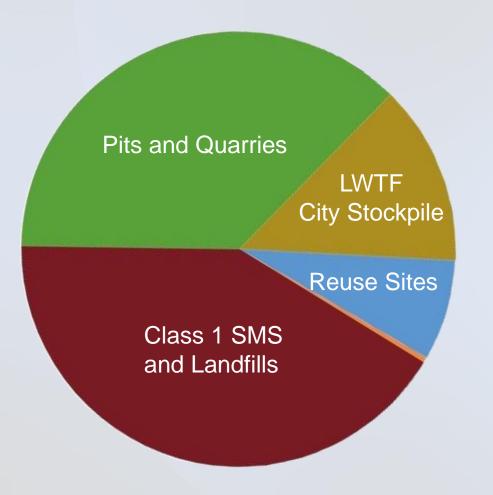


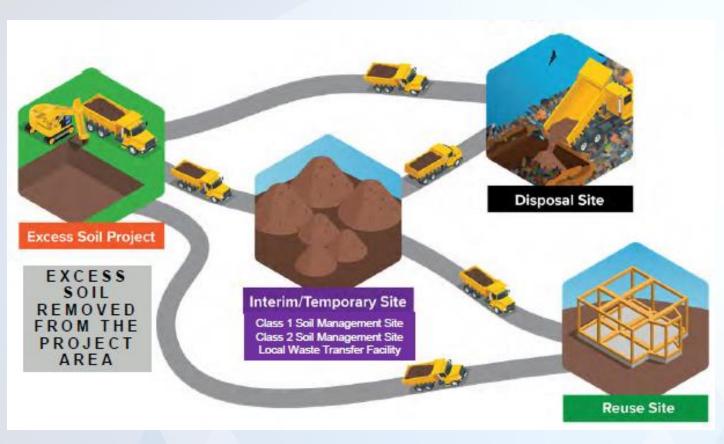


#### ARE WE REALIZING THESE?



#### Reuse, Stockpiling and Waste Disposal







#### **Municipal Risks and Mitigations**

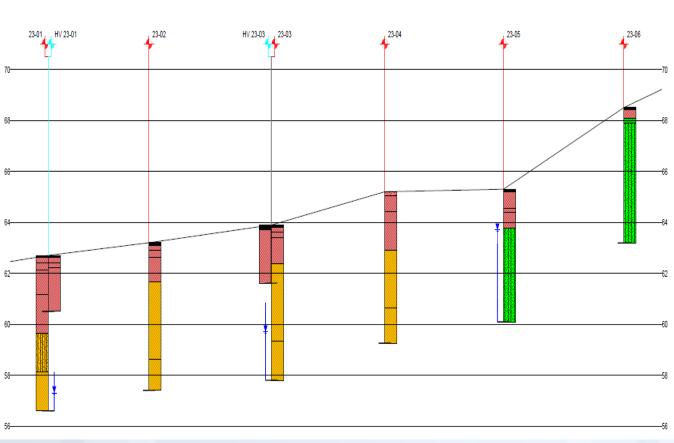






#### Soil Characterization and On-Site Reuse







### **Current Construction Delivery Process –**

**Larger Projects with Soil of Known Quality** 

Pre-design & Design Phase

Review EIPA
Assess Exemptions
Characterize Quality
Quantify Soil Volumes
Planning Studies\*

Deposition at Approved 3rd Party Reuse/Disposal Site Documented

Tendering Phase

ContractorDesignated
Receiver Sites
based on
Soil Quality and
Risk Review

Pre-Construction Phase

Receiver Site
Confirmation and
Approvals, Soil
Management Plans
Project Registration\*
Additional Soil Sampling
(if required)



Safe transfer; haul records, contingency plan, soil tracking\*

Excess Soil
Records
maintained for
7 years

Construction Phase

Maximize onsite reuse. QP monitors compliance. Changes updated on RPRA\*



#### **Current Construction Delivery Process –**

**Excess Soil of Unknown Quality** (maintenance work, "scratch and scrape")

Pre-design & Design Phase

EIPA Review Soil Quantity Estimated Tendering Phase (if tendered)

Contract Stipulates
Stockpiling at City
Local Waste Transfer
Facility

Construction Phase



Excess Soil
Records
maintained for
7 years

Soil Storage and
Stockpile Testing at
Local Waste Transfer
Facility per
Regulatory
Requirements

Deposition at Suitable Reuse/Disposal Site

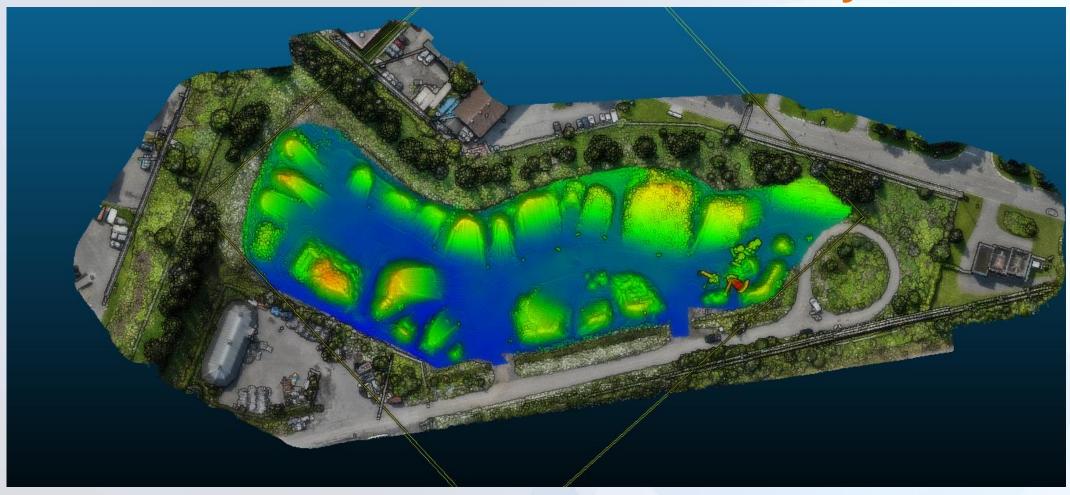


Safe transfer; hauler records available

Deposition site determined.
Written consent from receiver sites obtained.
Separate PO.

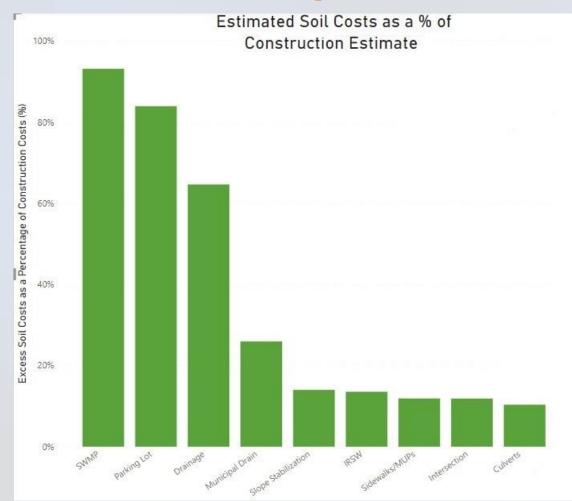


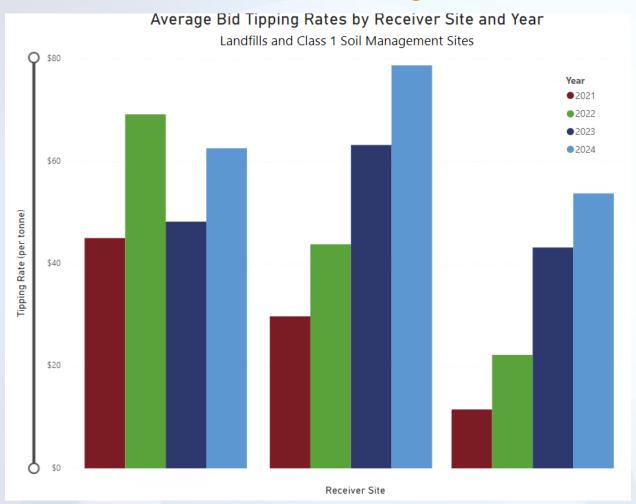
#### **Local Waste Transfer Facility**





#### **Cost Implications to Infrastructure Projects**







#### **The Future Dream State**

Balance cuts/fills
Maximize onsite reuse

Soil Landfill



Soil Bank Sites
Dating System
Create Opportunities

Aggregate Reuse Depot
Liquid and Dry
Soil Processing

